

Working with Families to End Youth Homelessness: STRIVE and Other Diversion Strategies

National Alliance to End Homelessness Conference Presentation Washington DC July 2019

Mary Ann Haley, PhD

Deputy Director

CT Coalition to End Homelessness

Family Conflict and Youth Homelessness

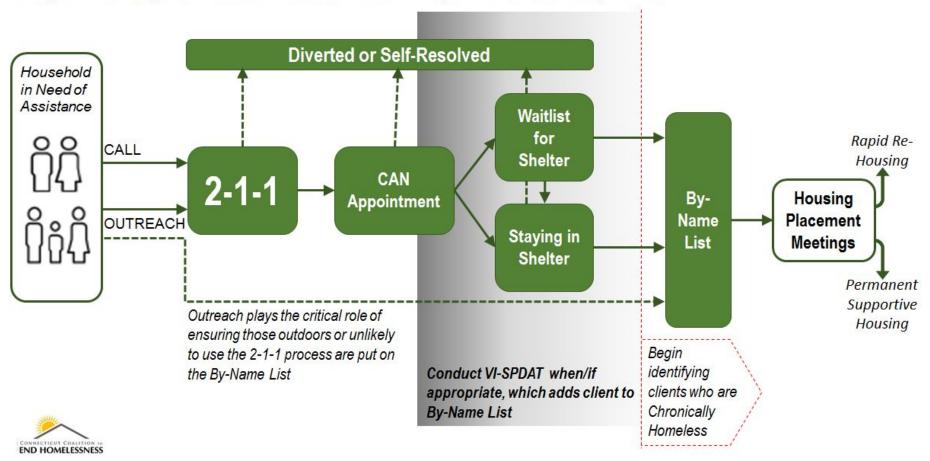


- Almost 90 percent of runaway youth in shelters run by the Family Youth Service Bureau (FYSB) and 75.5 percent in residential programs reported family dynamics as critical issues leading to their homelessness.
- 41% of youth attribute running away to poor relationships with parents



CAN System Overview

A high-level diagram of the coordinated access process from entry to exit





Importance of Families and Other Natural Supports



- Youth will remain in contact with families
- Sources of support
- Connect to other family members
- Opportunity to break cycles
- Understand barriers, provide family support
- Psycho-educational training

Why STRIVE?



- Evidence-based model
- Recommended by HHS and Urban Institute
- Shorter term and cost-effective
- Trained STRIVE specialists in every CAN region
- Fits in with expansion of diversion and best practices for youth coordinated entry
- Many benefits to both youth and their families
- Additional tool for our coordinated Entry and shelter staff
- Can be used by our partners in child welfare, juvenile justice, schools



Successes



- Trained over 84 people
- Trained trainers
- Incorporating into shelter diversion (30% of youth)
- Feedback positive and enthusiasm high
- Presents opportunities with partner agencies



Partnering Opportunities





CONNECTICUT COALITION to END HOMELESSNESS

DCF Case Vignette

- Family Composition:
 - 4 children: 14 yo & 12 yo Female, 10 yo & 8 yo Male
 - Paternal Grandmother of 14 yo Female caring for all 4 children via family arrangement due to substance use, mental health and poverty issues re: biological parents
- Family involved with DCF continuously from 1996-2009, case history involves 4 reference children and their 6 elder siblings. Case reopened in 2016 due to neglect allegations.
- Family tension in current household primarily between Paternal Grandmother and 14 year old granddaughter.

Possible Homes for STRIVE Within Child Welfare



- Family Mediation with Kinship Care Placements and In-Home cases to strengthen relationships and prevent youth housing instability and youth homelessness
- Relationship Reconciliation between adolescents placed in foster care and their parents who previously had their parental rights legally terminated
- Over 18 Re-Entry Services cases connect young adults between 18 and 21 years old with existing and historical support resources and strengthen these relationships

System Challenges



- Locating families willing to participate
 - Youth must be willing to participate as well as the parent(s)
 - Easier to recruit youth than their parents
- Awareness of availability
- Language barriers
- Staffing Capacity
- Funding

Future Plans



- YHDP Youth Navigators, RRH, Crisis Housing
- Expand Collaborations:
 - Schools
 - Court Support Services Division (CSSD)
 - Child Welfare
 - Community Health Centers

Evaluations