

Detecting Tweets Mentioning Drugs with a Deep Neural Network Ensemble

Deep Learning

VS07

Davy Weissenbacher

University of Pennsylvania

Twitter: @davy_weiss - Tweet your questions!

#IS20



Disclosure



I and my wife have NO relevant relationship with commercial interest to disclose.

Learning Objectives



After participating in this session the learner should be able to:

- Define the problem of drug names detection in tweets
- Explain the limitation of the lexical search method
- List the main methods for detecting drug names
- Explain the best approach based on deep neural networks
- Report on the current performance of drug names detection when applied on 112 home timelines

Why extracting tweets mentioning drugs?



- Tweets mentioning drugs useful for:
 - Syndromic surveillance
 - Pharmacovigilance
 - Monitoring drug abuse
- Typically, collections use drug names as keywords inherent bias
- In a 'natural' timeline, these tweets **are rare**, only 0.26% in our corpus
- Lexical searches fail:
 - Misspellings
 - Ambiguity
- Goal: Extract drug mentions from user timelines (an extremely sparse corpus) using Deep Neural Networks

Detecting Tweets Mentioning Drugs



- Drug definition
 - Drug product as defined by the FDA (prescription & over the counter)
 - Dietary supplements
- Resolving a binary classification task
 - Lola may has a stye, or pink eye. Doc recommends warm compress => 0 (not mentioning a drug)
 - Meet Mr and Ms Lexapro... Garanteed fidelity

=> 1 (mentioning a drug)



The competition is now open @ #SMM4H, task 1: https://healthlanguageprocessing.org/smm4h-sharedtask-2020/

UPennHLP Timeline Corpus

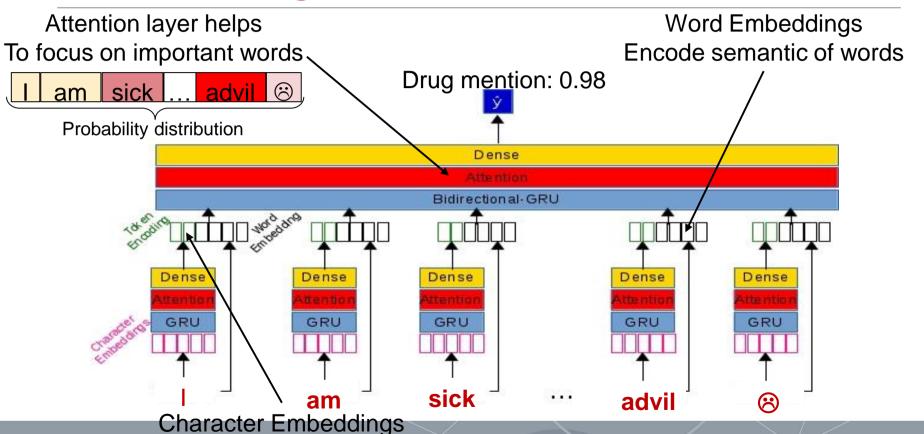


- Corpus: 112 timelines (98,959 tweets) of women twitting during their pregnancy
- Annotation: 282.5 hours of annotation, IAA k=0.88
- Corpus split:
 - 70% for training (181 positive, 69,091 negative examples)
 - 30% for evaluation (77 positive, 29,610 negative examples)
- Only 258 tweets mentioned a drug, i.e. 0.26% of the tweets

A DNN for Drug Detection

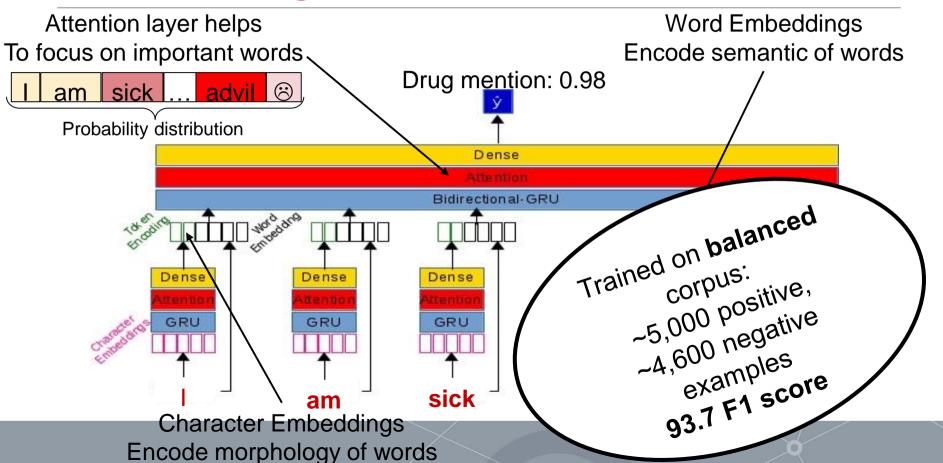
Encode morphology of words





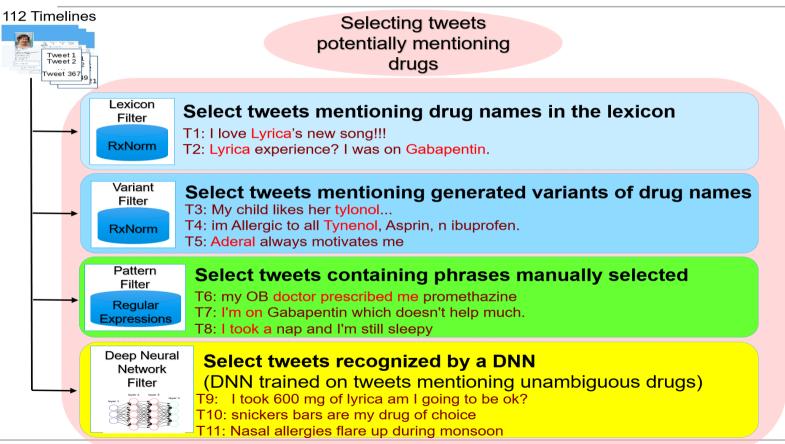
A DNN for Drug Detection





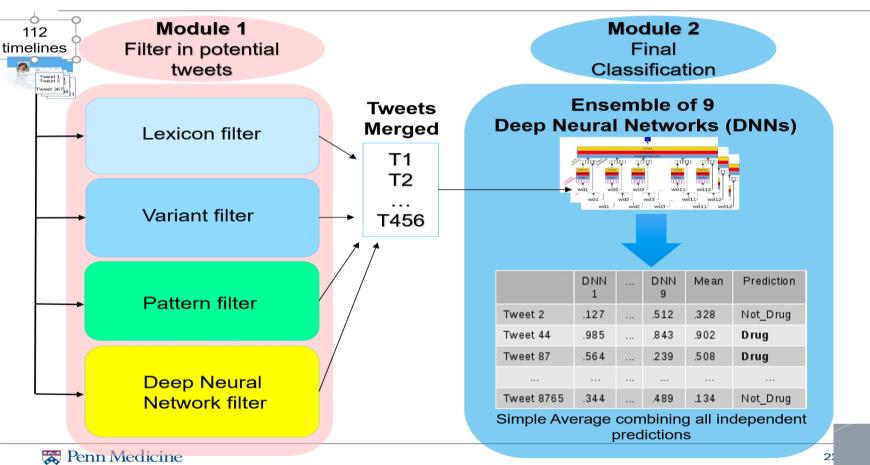
On unbalanced data, require pre-filtering





Kusuri overview





Performance on Natural Corpus



| Systems | Precision | Recall | F1 |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------|------|
| Lexicon+Variant classifier | 55.0 | 71.4 | 62.1 |
| Ensemble Bidirectional-GRUs (trained on unbalanced corpus) | 87.5 | 63.6 | 73.7 |
| Kusuri | 94.55 | 67.5 | 78.8 |

Conclusion and Future Work



- On balanced corpus, performance is close to human annotators'
- On natural corpus, our system outperforms existing performances in well-established challenges [Limsopatham and Collier, 2016]
- Extreme imbalanced data is the main challenge:
 - Replacing the 4 filters by active learning
 - Exploiting unlabeled data with Generative Adversarial Networks

[Weissenbacher et al., Deep neural networks ensemble for detecting medication mentions in tweets. 2019. JAMIA.



Thank you!

Email me at:

